## RESOLUTION OF THE WHITE MOUNTAIN APACHE TRIBE OF THE FORT APACHE INDIAN RESERVATION

- whereas, the White Mountain Apache Tribe has a large woodland resource that has potential for fuelwood production which would provide employment for tribal members and at the same time enhance the woodland resource; and
- WHEREAS, the Bureau of Indian Affairs is receiving economic development proposals for woodland management projects; and
- WHEREAS, the Tribal Council has reviewed the attached Woodland Enterprise proposal and concludes that said proposal should be presented to the Bureau of Indian Affairs with a request for funding.
- BE IT RESOLVED by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe that it hereby endorses the formation of the White Mountain Apache Fuelwood Project Proposal and submission thereof to pursue funding and such other resources of support as may be available on behalf of the White Mountain Apache Tribe for implementation of the proposal.

The foregoing resolution was on <u>November 05, 1992</u>, duly adopted by a vote of <u>seven</u> for and <u>zero</u> against by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe, pursuant to authority vested in it by Article V, Section 1 (i) of the Amended Constitution and Bylaws of the Tribe, ratified by the Tribe June 27, 1958, and approved by the Secretary of the Interior on May 29, 1958, pursuant to Section 16 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984).

Chairman of the Tribal council

Secretary of the Tribal Council

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# DRAFT

# WHITE MOUNTAIN APACHE TRIBAL WOODLAND ENTERPRISE

PROPOSAL

Submitted by: White Mountain Apache Tribal Council

Prepared by: Maurice Williams, Forester

November 4, 1992

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#### WHITE MOUNTAIN APACHE TRIBAL WOODLAND ENTERPRISE PROPOSAL

#### I. Introduction

The purpose of this proposal is to secure funding for a two phase woodland fuelwood enterprise. The first phase, covering two years, would target sales of bulk fuelwood. The second phase, beginning in the third year, would shift management emphasis to a packaged fuelwood operation.

The objectives of the first phase are:

- 1. Assess production capability of the Whiteriver Community
- 2. Establish market conditions
- Develop a refined and efficient infrastructure of resource management, enterprise administration, and marketing strategies.

Profit accural is directed towards the producer (the individual cutters) in the first phase. This should result in positive broadbased community interest, provide incentive to produce, and secure a steady supply pipeline.

The objectives of the second phase are:

 Concentrate commodity refinement to a lucrative cubic foot packaging operation,

- Provide an acceptable profitability margin for the expanded enterprise,
- Increase the number of jobs for tribal members per unit of fuelwood, and
- 4. Provide continued incentive on the supply side.

Tribal Government and community support for a woodland fuelwood project has continued through the years. The Tribe's 1990-92 overall Economic Development Plan considered a Fuelwood Enterprise and was supported by Tribal Resolution. Currently tribal members are cutting in excess of 2,300 cords of firewood for resale. This is primarily dry alligator juniper which is sold in the local communities ajoining the reservation. The Tribal Council has proposed to restrict the cutting of alligator juniper for resale. Therefore, a transition from the cutting of dry wood to green Utah and one-seed juniper will occur. These species will require a drying period before they can be sold to the public. The Woodland Enterprise will provide a means to allow tribal members to harvest green juniper as well as other by products of the commercial timber industry.

From an operational stand point we are in a good position to start a fuelwood enterprise. In addition to a business plan in place, a woodlot could be easily incorporated in the current commercial timber operation at Whiteriver and Cibecue sawmills. A Woodland Management Plan has been drafted which contains silvicultural

prescriptions to harvest the required wood to supply the enterprise. The areas designated for harvest will be broken into cutting units, cruise marked, and volumes determined. Contracts for fuelwood procurement have been developed and approved.

This, then is our status to date. This proposal would eliminate the final stumbling block of capitalization. With funding, economic and resource development can occur. The implementation of this project is extremely important to the continuation of the fuelwood program on the reservation. For this reason partial funding of the project at a reduced scale would be acceptable if total funding is unavailable. Once initiated we believe that the project will be economically self sustaining. With national attention in the woodland arena, now is the time to move forward. The tribal resolution, supporting this proposal is attached.

#### II. Proposal

#### A. <u>Description</u>

The purpose of this proposal is to secure funding in the amount of \$102,685.00 for the first year of operation of a three year development plan for a White Mountain Apache Woodland Enterprise. The objectives of the enterprise are to develop woodland product sales in the fuelwood market at a profitable margin, provide jobs and income to White Mountain Apache Community members, and generate stumpage receipts to the tribal general fund.

The development of the enterprise is a two-phased approach. In the first phase, lasting two years, concentration will be aimed at bulk fuelwood sales. The enterprise strategy is to buy raw fuelwood through contracts with White Mountain Apache Community Members in the low demand period (April thru September). The enterprise would split and dry the wood then sell fuelwood in the high demand period (November thru March). The second year of the operation is aimed at the increased production of bulk fuelwood sales. The second phase, beginning in the third year, will shift emphasis to further refine the raw fuelwood into one cubic-foot bundles. This two phased approach will allow the enterprise and resource managers the opportunity to assess production capability of

our work force, establish market outlets, and further refine efficiency methods.

Management control of the resource and scaling of wood will be the responsibility of the White Mountain Apache Tribal Forestry Department. Payment to contractors and the hiring of splitters and loaders will be the responsibility of the Fort Apache Timber Company. In the third year it will be necessary to hire a business manager to coordinate all woodlot activities including marketing.

This two-phased, three year proposal will require funding in each of the three years. The funding section which follows describes the funding needs for each of the three years.

It should be noted that if no funding is available after the first year, the enterprise could still have a continuing successful operation in the phase one mode.

#### B. Funding

- 1. Funding Needs FY 93 = \$102,685.00
- 1.1 Capital Expenditures

Equipment	Description		Cost
a) Splitter	Mechanical hydraulic wood Splitter (2)	= ;	<b>s</b> 6,000.00
b) Conveyor	For use in loading trucks for shipment	= 2	6,000.00
c) Chainsaw	Woodlot Trim saw (2)	= 5	1,000.00
<pre>d) Interior     Woodlot     Fencing</pre>	To organize effective, efficient administrative control and management	= 5	7,000.00
e) Shed Office	In woodlot, includes desk, chairs, cabinet, plus office supplies	= :	3,500.00
f) Miscellaneou	us Plastic for efficient wood drying, gas, travel, phone, etc.	= 5	5,000.00
Sub-total Ca	apital Expenditures	= <b>S</b>	28,500.00

#### 1.2 Procurement Expenditures

Services

a)	Wood	Purchas	se 1,080 cords at \$56.00/ = \$ 60,480.00 cord \$52/cord paid to cutter. 4.00/cord paid to Tribe for stumpage. Schedule = 9-20 cord contracts each month for
			six months (April thru September)
h١	Split	ting	1 080 cords at \$8 00/gord - # 0 640 00

Procurement & Assumptions

Cost

1,080 cords at \$8.00/cord = \$ 8,640.00
Each time 60 cords accumulate
hire two temporary people for
4 days to split and properly
stack the wood. Should split
and stack 2 cords/hr x 8 hr.
day = 16 cords/day x 4 days =
60 cords. Pay would be \$6.00/
hr/person x 2 people = \$12.00/hr
x 32 hrs = \$384.00. \$384.00 +
25% fringe = \$480.00 ÷ 60

cords = \$8.00/cd.

c) Loading

1,080 cords at \$4.69/cord = \$ 5,065.00 Would take 3 people 4 hrs to load 16 cords of split fuel-wood (one semi truck) with a conveyor belt. Pay would be (\$5.00/hr/person x 3 people = \$15.00/hr. \$15/hr x 4 hrs = \$60.00 + 25% fringe = \$75.00/16 cords. \$75.00/16 cords = \$4.69/cd.

Sub-total Procurement Exp.

=  $\frac{$74,185.00}{}$ 

TOTAL COST

s102,685.00

- 2. Funding Needs FY 94 = \$28,850.00
- 2.1 FY-93 Sales of 1,080 cords will cover operating costs, procurement, splitting, stacking and loading of another 1,080 cords. Plan to increase production by an additional 420 cords for a total of 1,500 cords in this second year.
- 2.2 Procurement Expenditures

Se	rvices	Procurement & Assumptions			Cost		
a)	Wood Purchase	420 cords at \$56.00/cord \$52.00/cord paid to cutter. \$4.00 paid to Tribe for stumpage. Increase produc- tion from 1,080 cords to 1,500 cords in second year.	=	s	23,520.00		
b)	Splitting and	420 cords at \$8.00/cord Same cost estimates as FY93	=	\$	3,360.00		
c)	Loading	420 cords at \$4.69/cord	=	<u>s</u>	1,970.00		
	TOTAL COST			\$	28,850.00		

- 3. Funding Needs - FY 95 = \$105,200.00
- 3.1 FY-94 sales of 1,500 cords will cover operating costs, procurement, splitting, and stacking of another 1,500 cords. Plan to hire an Enterprise Business Manager who will make capital expenditures in order to process fuelwood into one cubic foot bundles.

#### 3.2 Capital Expenditures

Equipment	Description		Cost		
a) Shrink Wrap Packaging Machine	WOOD-PAKER/Model G90 or equivalent	= S	8,000.00		
b) Fork Lift Loader	1.5 ton capacity loader for moving pallets in wood lot	= \$	25,000.00		

600-4ft. x4ft. Pallets at = \$ 2,700.00 c) Pallets **s4.50/ea** 

d) Banding Tool With banding and clips to = \$ 2,000.00 secure bundles on pallets

Sub-total Capital Expenditures = \$ 37,700.00

Procurement & Assumptions Cost

#### 3.3 Procurement Expenditures

Services

a)	Enterprise Manager	Full time employee with a book = \$ 30,000.00 ground in business and/or marketing
b)	Shrink Wrapping	150,000 bundles at \$.25/ = \$ 37,500.00 There are 100 bundles per cord of wood. 600 cords x 100 bundles/cd = 60,000 bundles. Two people can package 60 bundles/hr and load them on pallets. 60,000 bundles ÷ 60 bundles/hr. = 1000 hrs. Two people at \$6.00/hr. = \$12.00 x 1000 hrs= \$12,000 + 25% fringe = \$15,000.00 \$15,000 ÷ 60,000 bundles = \$.25/bundle

Sub-total Procurement Expenditures = \$ 67,500.00

TOTAL COST

s105,200.00 T

#### III. Analysis

#### A. Analysis of First Two Years

The enterprise strategy for the first two years of operation is to market bulk split fuelwood while encouraging production of raw material by White Mountain Apache Community Members. It is assumed that dry, split fuelwood can be sold at a minimum s75/cord from Whiteriver, Arizona - The Home of the White Mountain Apache Tribe. The cost of acquiring the raw material and processing it into split, dried form ready for shipment totals \$68.69/cord. Profit margin for the Enterprise is low (\$6.31/cord) in the first two years of operation for two reasons. One is that the Tribe feels that the producers of the raw material should receive the highest incentive to continue producing, thus increasing volume and two is that the enterprise is not refining the fuelwood into a more marketable product of increased value.

It should be noted that the price structure quoted above is the best estimates at this time. Much discussion was made on the selling price of split, dried wood and payment to contractors. The tribal contention, as stated above, is to give the highest incentive to the producers of the raw fuelwood. As such, the pricing structure is subject to change depending on actual selling price by the enterprise. Care should be taken, however to insure that all operating costs are covered.

Projected revenues and costs for the first two years are as follows:

Revenues to the Contractors (cutters):

Year One = \$52.00/cord x 1,080 cords = \$56,160.00 Year Two = \$52.00/cord x 1,500 cords = \$78,000.00

Revenues to the Tribal General Fund:

Year One =  $$4.00/cord \times 1,080 cords = $4,320.00$ Year Two =  $$4.00/cord \times 1,500 cords = $6,000.00$ 

Revenues to other employees for splitting and loading:

Year One =  $$12.69/cord \times 1,080 cords = $13,705.00$ Year Two =  $$12.69/cord \times 1,500 cords = $19,035.00$ 

\*Profits to the Woodland Enterprise:

Year One =  $$6.31/cord \times 1,080 cords = $6,815.00$ Year Two =  $$6.31/cord \times 1,500 cords = $9,465.00$ 

Total Revenues for the First Two Years:

Year One = \$68,600.00Year Two = \$112,500.00\$181,100.00

Total Cost for the First Two Years:

Year One = \$102,685.00

Year Two = \$ 28,850.00 - Additional Government Funding

420 cords at \$68.69/cord

Year Two = \$ 74,185.00 - Reinvestment of year one sales for 1,080 cords at \$68.69/cord

\$205,720.00

\*Profits to the Woodland Enterprise shown above assume no depreciation for capital equipment. Actual depreciation costs are calculated at \$.78/cord.

Depreciation of Capital Equipment:

Splitter - \$.30/cord (Cost of splitter = \$3,000.00 Life of splitter = 10,000

cords)

Conveyor - s.30/cord (Cost of conveyor = s3,000.00

Life of conveyor = 10,000

cords)

Chainsaw - \$.18/cord

(Cost of chainsaw = \$500.00
Life of chainsaw = 5 years
# cords processed in 5 years
if produce 1,080 cord 1st year
and 1,500 cords the remaining
4 years = 6,000 cords)

Woodlot shed and fencing are negligible.

#### B. Analysis of Third Year

In the third year it is proposed to begin the second phase of the operation. Expansion of the enterprise into a fuelwood packaging operation will require a full time business manager. The manager should be sophisticated in analyzing production expenses, finding innovating solutions, and investigating distribution and retailing networks. A marketing background would be helpful along with proven ability to interact with the business community. It is assumed that such a person can be found at \$30,000.00/year.

It will also be necessary to make capital expenditures in the third year to acquire the needed equipment for processing and loading fuelwood packages. The cost of this equipment will total \$37,700.00.

The procurement cost for acquiring bulk fuelwood (\$56.00/cord) and splitting/stacking (\$8.00/cord is assumed to remain at the same level as years one and two. Additional labor to shrink wrap 1,500 cords of fuelwood in to 150,000 one-cubic foot bundles is estimated at \$37,500.00 (\$.25/bundle). The cost of acquiring and processing 1,500 cords of fuelwood is \$133,500.00:

Contract and stumpage = \$ 84,000.00 (\$56.00/cd x 1,500 cd)
payments

Splitting/Stacking = \$12,000.00 (\$8.00/cd x 1,500 cd)

Shrink Wrap =  $\underline{s}$  37,500.00

TOTAL \$133,500.00

Operating expenses, including gas, oil, maintenance, office supplies, and travel, are estimated at \$16,500.00. The total amount of the above expenses are:

Manager = \$ 30,000.00

Equipment = s 37,700.00

Procurement = \$133,500.00

Operating =  $\frac{$16,500.00}{}$ 

TOTAL \$217,700.00 or \$1.45/bundle

The projected sales of 1,500 cords in year two of the bulk fuelwood operation is \$112,500.00 (1,500 cords x \$75/cord). This leaves a funding need in FY 95 of \$105,200.00 as shown in section II.B.3.

Projected Revenues for the Third Year as follows:

Revenues to the Contractors (cutters):

 $$52.00/cord \times 1,500 = $78,000.00$ 

Revenues to the Tribal General Fund:

 $$4.00/cord \times 1,500 cords = $6,000.00$ 

Revenues to employees for splitting/stacking:

 $$8.00/\text{cord} \times 1,500 \text{ cords} = $12,000.00$ 

Revenues to employees to shrink wrapping:

150,000 bundles x 5.25/bundle = 5.37,500.00

Revenue to Business Manager:

Yearly Salary

= \$30,000.00

Profit to the Woodland Enterprise:

\$1.05/bundle x 150,000 bundles = \$157,500.00

Production cost = \$1.45/bundle

Assume selling price of \$2.50/bundle

TOTAL REVENUES

= \$321,000.00

#### IV. Tribal Employment

- A. Phase One Year One Direct Employment
  - 1. Contract Fuelwood 108 jobs 540 mandays

Assumptions: 54 contracts - 20 cords/contract

2 jobs/contract

- 2. Splitting and stacking 18 jobs 144 mandays
  Assumptions: 3 jobs/month each of six months
  7.5 cords/manday
- 3. Loading Trucks 18 jobs 101 mandays

  Assumptions: 1.5 mandays/16 cords (semi-truck)
  67.5 Semi-trucks
- 4. Total Employment 785 mandays 3.0 man years
- B. Phase One Year Two Direct Employment
  - Contract Fuelwood 150 jobs 750 mandays

Assumptions: 75 contracts - 20 cords/contract
2 jobs/contract
2 cords/manday - includes travel,
cutting, slash,
loading, unloading

- 2. Splitting and Stacking 25 jobs 200 mandays
  Assumptions: 5 jobs/month each of five months
  7.5 cords/manday
- 3. Loading Trucks 25 jobs 141 mandays

  Assumptions: 1.5 mandays/16 cords (semi-truck)
  94.0 semi-trucks
- 4. Total Employment 1,091 mandays 4.2 man years

Phase Two - Year Three - Direct Employment C.

1.

Contract Fuelwood - 150 jobs - 750 mandays Assumptions: 75 contracts - 20 cords/contract 2 jobs/contract

2 cords/manday - includes travel, cutting, slash, loading, unloading

- Splitting and Stacking 25 jobs 200 mandays 2. Assumptions: 5 jobs/month - each of five months 7.5 cords/manday
- Shrink Wrapping 2 jobs 313 mandays 3. Assumptions: 2 jobs/month - each of three months 4.8 cords/manday
- Business Manager 1 job 260 mandays 4. Full-time employee
- Total Employment 1,523 mandays 5.9 man years 5.

APPENDIX

Letters of Support