RESOLUTION OF THE WHITE MOUNTAIN APACHE TRIBE OF THE FORT APACHE INDIAN RESERVATION

- WHEREAS, the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe considers housing conditions to be an important factor in the overall quality of life experienced by its tribal members; and
- whereas, it is the goal of the Tribal Council that all tribal members residing on the reservation live in housing units that meet at least the minimum standards established in 24 CFR Section 882.109 Housing Quality Standards, commonly referred to as the "Section 8 Standards"; and
- whereas, it is the intent of the White Mountain Apache Tribe to rehabilitate a number of low income owner occupied homes through funding made available through the HUD HOME Program.
- BE IT RESOLVED by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe that it hereby adopts the Section 8 Standards, as attached, and establishes the tribal policy that these standards will comprise the minimum housing quality standards to be utilized in the rehabilitation of housing units for the HOME Program.
- BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Tribal Council that Section 8 Standards be used to complement and to implement the Uniform Building Codes, as amended, that were originally adopted in 1966 and are extensively used to govern new construction on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation.

The foregoing resolution was on <u>July 14, 1993</u>, duly adopted by a vote of \underline{six} for and \underline{zero} against by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe, pursuant to authority vested in it by Article V, Section 1 (a) (h) (i) (j) of the Amended Constitution and Bylaws of the Tribe, ratified by the Tribe June 27, 1958, and approved by the Secretary of the Interior on May 29, 1958, pursuant to Section 16 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984).

(Acting)

Chairman of the Tribal Council

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Secretary of the Tribal Council

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24 CFR Section 882.109 - HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS

These standards are fererenced in Sections 92.612, 92.613(g) and 92.621 of the HOME Program Regulations. Housing that is assisted with HOME funds, at a minimum, must meet those standards. As indicated in Section 92.621, additional standards or requirements apply if the nature of assistance to be provided, e.g., substantial rehabilitation so warrants.

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in proper operating condition cooking stove or range and a refrigerator of ap propriate size for the unit, supplied by either the Owner or the Family, and kitchen sink with hot and cold Tun ning water. The sink shall drain sito an approved public or private system Adequate space for the storage, prepa ration and serving of food shall be pro-Vided.

(c) Space and security—(1) Perform ance Requirement. The dwelling unit shall afford the Family adequate space and security.

(2) Acceptability criteria. The ded ing unit shall contain a living room kitchen area, and bathroom. The dwelling unit shall contain at least one bedroom or living/sleeping room of appropriate size for each two persons Persons of opposite sex, other than husband and wife or very young children, shall not be required to occupy the same bedroom or living/slesping room. Exterior doors and windows accessible from outside the unit shall be lockable.

(d) Thermal environment-(1) Performance requirement. The dwelling unit shall have and be capable of maintaining a thermal environment healthy for the human body.

(2) Acceptability criteria. The dwelling unit shall contain safe heating and/or cooling facilities which are in proper operating condition and can provide adequate heat and/or cooling to each room in the dwelling unit appropriate for the climate to assure 4 healthy living envir ument. Unvented room heaters which burn gas, on or kerosene are unacceptable.

(e) Illumination and electricity—(1) Performance requirement. Each room shall have adequate natural or artificial illumination to permit normal indoor activities and to support the health and safety of occupants. Sufficient electrical sources shall be provided to permit use of essential electrical appliances while assuring safety from fire.

(2) Acceptability criteria, Living and sleeping rooms shall include at least one window. A ceiling or wall or light fixture shall be present and working in the bathroom and kitchen area. At least two electric outlets one of which may be an overhead light.

\$ 882.109 Housing quality standards.

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Housing used in this program shall meet the Performance Requirements set forth in this section. In addition, the housing shall meet the Acceptability Criteria set forth in this section except for such variations as are proposed by the PHA and approved by HUD. Local climatic or geological conditions or local codes are examples which may justify such variations.

(a) Sanitary facilities—(1) Performance requirement. The dwelling unit shall include its own sanitary facilities which are in proper operating condition, can be used in privacy, and are adequate for personal cleanliness and

the disposal of human waste.

(2) Acceptability criteria. A flush toilet in a separate, private room, a fixed basin with hot and cold running water, and a shower or tub with hot and coid running water shall be present in the dwelling unit, all in proper operating condition. These facilities shall utilize an approved public or private disposal system.

(b) Food preparation and refuse disposal-(1) Performance requirement The dwelling unit shall contain suitable space and equipment to store, prepare, and serve foods in a sanitary manner. There shall be adequate facilities and services for the sanitary disposal of food wastes and refuse, including facilities for temporary storage where necessary (e.g., garbage Cans).

(2) Acceptability criteria. The unit shall contain the following equipment shall be present and operable in the living area, kitchen area, and each bedroom area.

(f) Structure and materials—(1) Performance requirement. The dwelling unit shall be structurally sound so as not to pose any threat to the health and safety of the occupants and so as to protect the occupants from the environment.

(2) Acceptability criteria. Ceilings. walls, and floors shall not have any serious defects such as severe bulging or leaning, large holes, loose surface materials, severe buckling or noticeable movement under walking stress, missing parts or other serious damage. The roof structure shall be firm and the roof shall be weathertight. The exterior wall structure and exterior wall surface shall not have any serious defects such as serious leaning, buckling, sagging, cracks or holes, loose siding, or other serious damage. The condition and equipment of interior and exterior Stairways, halls, porches, walkways, etc., shall be such as not to present a danger of tripping or falling. Elevators shall be maintained in safe and operating condition.

(g) Interior air quality—(1) Performance requirement. The dwelling unit shall be free of pollutants in the air at levels which threaten the health of the occupants.

CD Acceptability criteria. The dwelling unit shall be free from dangerous levels of air pollution from carbon monoxide, sewer gas, fuel gas, dust, and other harmful air pollutants. Air circulation shall be adequate throughout the unit. Bathroom areas shall have at least one openable window or other adequate exhaust ventilation.

(h) Water supply—(1) Performance requirement. The water supply shall be free from contamination.

(2) Acceptability criteria. The unit shall be served by an approved public or private sanitary water supply.

(i) Lead-based paint—(1) Purpose and applicability. The purpose of this paragraph is to implement the provisions of section 302 of the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act, 42 U.S.C. 4822, by establishing procedures to eliminate as far as practicable the hazards of lead-based paint poisoning with respect to existing hous-

ing units for which Requests For Lease Approval are made under this Part. This paragraph is promulgated under the authorization granted in 24 CFR 35.24(b)(4) and supersedes, with respect to all housing to which it applies, the requirements prescribed by subpart C of 24 CFR part 35. The requirements of paragraph (i)(4) of this section are applicable to units for which mitial inspection §882.209(h)(1) or periodic inspection under § 882.211(b) is made on or after May 1, 1987. The requirements of this paragraph do not apply to 0-bedroom units. The requirements of subpart A of 24 CFR part 35 apply to all units constructed prior to 1978 covered by a Housing Assistance Payments Contract under this subpart.

(2) Definitions—Applicable surface. All intact and nonintact interior and exterior painted surfaces of a residential structure.

Chevable surface. All chewable protruding painted surfaces up to five feet from the floor or ground, which are readily accessible to children under seven years of age, e.g., protruding corners, windowsills and frames, doors and frames, and other protruding woodworks.

Defective paint surface. Paint on applicable surfaces that is cracking, scaling, chipping, peeling or loose.

Elevated blood lend level or EBL. Excessive absorption of lead, that is, a confirmed concentration of lead in whole blood of 25 ug/dl (micrograms of lead per deciliter of whole blood) or greater.

Lead-based paint. A paint surface, whether or not defective, identified as having a lead content greater than or equal to 1 mg/cm³.

(3) Defective paint. In the case of a unit, for a Family which includes a child under the age of seven years, which was constructed prior to 1978, the لعنانما inspection under § 882.209(h)(1), and each periodic inspection under § 882.211(b), shall include an inspection for defective paint surfaces. If defective paint surfaces are found, treatment as required by 24 CFR 35.24(b)(2)(ii) shall be required in accordance with §882.209(h) or § 882.211(b)-(c), as appropriate. Correction of defective paint conditions

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discovered at periodic inspection shall be completed within 30 days of PHA notification to the Owner. When weather conditions prevent completion of repainting of exterior surfaces within the 30 day period, repainting may be delayed, but covering or removal of the defective paint must be completed within the prescribed period.

(4) Chewable surfaces. In the case of a unit constructed prior to 1978, for a Family which includes a child under the age of seven years with an identified EBL condition, the initial inspection under 4 882,209(h)(1), or a periodic inspection under § 882.211(b), shall include a test for lead-based paint on chewable surfaces. Testing shall be conducted by a State or local health or ... ousing agency, an inspector certified or regulated by a State or local health or housing agency or an organization recognized by HUD. Lead content shall be tested by using an X-ray fluorescence analyzer (XRF) or other method approved by HUD. Test readings of 1 mg/cm3 or higher using an XRF shall be considered positive for presence of lead-based paint. Where lead-based pain: on chewable surfaces is identified, covering or removal of the paint surface in accordance with 24 CFR 35.24(b)(2)(ii) shall be required in accordance with § 882.209(h) or § 882.211 (b) and (c), as appropriate, and correction shall be completed within the time limits set forth in paragraph (IX3) of this section.

(5) Abatement without testing. In lieu of the procedures set forth in (4) above, the PHA may at its discretion, forego testing and require the owner to abate all interior and exterior chewable surfaces in accordance with the method set out at 25 CFR 35.24(bX2XII).

(6) Tenant protection, the owner shall take appropriate action to protect tenants from hazards associated with abatement procedures.

(7) Records. The PHA shall keep a copy of each inspection report for at least three years. If a unit requires testing or if the unit requires treatment of chewable surfaces based on the testing, the PHA shall keep indefinitely the test results and, if applicable, the owner certification of treat-

ment. The records shall indicate which chewable surfaces in units have been tested and which chewable surfaces in the units have been treated. If records establish that certain chewable surfaces were tested or tested and treated in accordance with the standards prescribed in this section, such chewable surfaces do not have to be tested or treated at any subsequent time.

- (j) Access—(1) Performance requirement. The dwelling unit shall be useable and capable of being maintained without unauthorized use of other physics properites, and the building shall provide an alternate means of egress in case of fire.
- (2) Acceptability criteria. The dwelling unit shall be useable and capable of being maintained without unauthorized use of other private properties. The building shall provide an alternate means of egress in case of fire (such as fire stairs or egress through windows).
- (k) Sile and neighborhood—(1) Performance requirement. The site and neighborhood shall be reasonably free from disturbing noises and reverberations and other hazards to the health, safety, and general welfare of the occupants.
- (2) Acceptability criteria. The site and neighborhood shall not be subject to serious adverse environmental conditions, natural or manmade, such as dangerous walks, steps, instability, flooding, poor drainage, septic tank back-ups, sewage hazards or much-lides; abnormal air pollution, smoke or dust; excessive noise, vibration or vehicular traffic; excessive accumulations of trash; vermin or rodent infestation; or fire hazards.
- Sanitary condition—(1) Performance requirement. The unit and its equipment shall be in sanitary condition.
- (2) Acceptability criteria. The units and its equipment shall be free of vermin and rodent infestation.
- (m) Congregate Housing—Performance requirement. The foregoing standards shall apply except for paragraph (b) of this section and the requirement in paragraph (c)(2) of this section for a kitchen area. In addition, the following standards shall apply:

- (1) The unit shall contain a refrigerator of appropriate size.
- (2) The sanitary facilities described in paragraph (a) of this section shall be contained within the unit.
- (3) The central dining facility and central kitchen shall be located within the building or housing complex and be accessible to the occupants of the congregate units, and shall contain suitable space and equipment to store, prepare and serve food in a sanitary manner by a food service or persons other than the occupants and shall be for the primary use of occupants of the congregate units and be sufficient in size to accommodate the occupants. There shall be adequate facilities and services for the sanitary disposal of food wastes and refuse, including facilines for temporary storage where necessary (e.g., garbage cans).
- (n) Independent Group Residence-Performance requirement. The foregoing standards shall apply except for paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (f), (k), and (m) of this section. In addition, the following standards shall apply: (1) The unit shall contain and have ready access to a flush toilet which can be used in privacy, a fixed basin with hot and cold running water, and a shower and for tub equipped with hot and cold running water all in proper operating condition and adequate for personal clearliness and the disposal of human wastes. These facilities shall utilize an approved public or private disposal system, and shall be sufficient in number so that they need not be shared by more than four occupants. Those units accommodating physically handicapped occupants with wheelchairs or other special equipment shall provide access to all sanitary facilities. and shall provide, as appropriate to needs of the occupants, basins and toilets of appropriate height; grab bars to tollets, showers and/or bathtubs: Moser seats; and adequate space for Bovement
- Q) The unit shall contain suitable space to store, prepare and serve foods in a sanitary manner. A cooking stove or range, a refrigerator(s) of approprials size and in sufficient quantity for the number of occupants, and a kitchen, ank with hot and coid running star shall be present in proper oper-

- ating condition. The sink shall drain into an approved private or public system. Adequate space for the storage, preparation and serving of food shall be provided. There shall be adequate facilities and services for the sanitary disposal of food wastes and refuse, including facilities for temporary storage where necessary (e.g., garbage cans).
- (3) The dwelling unit shall afford the Family adequate space and security. A living room, kitchen, dining area, bathroom, and other appropriate social, recreational or community space shall be within the unit, and the unit shall contain at least one bedroom of appropriate size for each two persons. Exterior doors and windows accessible from outside each unit shall be capable of being locked. An emergency exit plan shall be developed and occupants shall be apprised of the details of the plan. All emergency and safety features and procedures shall meet applicable State and local standards.
- (4) The unit shall be structurally sound so as not to pose any threat to the health and safety of the occupants and so as to protect the occupants from the environment. Ceilings, walls and floors shall not have any serious defects such as severe bulging or leaning, large holes, loose surface materials, severe buckling or noticeable movement under walking stress, missing parts or other serious damage. The roof structure shall be firm and the roof shall be weathertight. The exterior wall structure and exterior wall surface shall not have any serious defects such as serious leaning, buckling, sagging, cracks or holes, loose siding, or other serious damage. The condition and equipment of interior and exterior stairways, halls, porches, walkways, etc., shall be such as not to present a danger of tripping or falling. Elevators shall be maintained in safe and operating condition. Units accommodating physically handicapped occupants with wheelchairs and other special equipment shall not contain architectural barriers which impede access or use, and handrails and ramps shall be provided as appropriate.
- (5) The site and neighborhood shall be reasonably free from disturbing

noises and reverberations and other hazards to the health, safety, and general welfare of the occupants, and shall not be subject to serious adverse environmental conditions, natural or manmade, such as dangerous walks. steps, instability, flooding, poor drainage, septic tank back-ups, sewage hazards or mudslides; abnormal air pollution, smoke or dust; excessive noise, vibrations or vehicular traffic; excessive accumulations of trash; vermin or rodent infestation; or fire hazards. The unit shall be located in a residential setting and be similar in size and appearance to housing generally found in the neighborhood, and be within walking distance or accessible via public or available private transportation to medical and other appropriate commercial and community service facilities.

(6) Supportive services. (i) A planned program of adequate supportive services appropriate to the needs of the occupants shall be provided on a continual basis by a qualified Resident Assistant(s) residing in the unit, or other qualified person(s) not residing in the unit, who will provide such services on a continual, planned basis. Supportive services which are provided within the unit may include the following types of services: Counseling; social services which promote physical activity, intellectual stimulation and/ or social motivation; training or assistance with activities of daily living including housekeeping, dressing, personal hygiene and/or grooming; provision of basic first aid skills in case of emergencies; supervision of self-administration of medications, diet and nutrition; and assurance that occupants obtain incidental medical care, as needed, by facilitating the making of appointments at, and transportation to, medical facilities. Supportive services provided within the unit shall not include the provision of continual nursing, medical or psychiatric care.

(ii) The provision and quality of the planned program of supportive services, including the minimal qualifications, quantity and working hours of the Resident Assistant(s) living in the unit or other person(s) providing continual supportive services, shall be initially determined by the Service

Agency in accordance with the standards established by the State. Compliance with these standards by the Service Agency shall be regularly monitored throughout the term of the Contract by the PHA and the State (e.g., Department of Human Resources, Mental Health, Mental Retardation, Social Services, etc.), or a local authority (other than the Service Agency providing services) designated by the State to establish, maintain and enforce such standards.

(iii) A written Service Agreement, approved by the State and in effect between the Owner and the Service Agency and/or the entities which provide the necessary supportive service. shall be submitted to the PHA with the request for Lease approval. The Lease between the eligible individual and the Owner shall set forth the Owner's obligation for and means of providing these services. If the lessor provides the supportive services, a Service Agreement is not required and the provision of these services shall be incorporated into the Lease and shall be approved by the State. (See £ 882.209(j) (2),)

(7) State approval. Independent Group Residences shall be licensed, certified or otherwise approved in writing by the State (e.g., Departments of Human Resources, Mental Health, Retardation, Social Services, etc.) prior to the execution of the initial Contract. This approval shall be reexamined periodically based on a schedule established by the State.

To assure that facilities and the supportive services are appropriate to the needs of the occupants, the State shall also approve the written Service Agreement (or Leases, if the provider of services is the lessor) for each Independent Group Residence. (See § 882.209(j) (2).)

(0) Manufactured Home—(1) Performance requirement. A Manufactured Home unit, whether owner or renter occupied, shall comply with the foregoing standards except for paragraph (m) of this section, Congregate Housing, and paragraph (n) of this section. Independent Group Residences. In addition, a Manufactured Home unit shall:

- (a) Meet the definition of a Manufactured Home set forth in § 882.102.
- (b) Be equipped with at least one smoke detector in working condition, and
- (c) Must be placed on the site in a stable manner and be free from hazards such as sliding or wind damage.
- (2) Acceptability criteria. A Manufactured Home must be securely anchored by a tie-down device which distributes and transforms the loads imposed by the unit to appropriate ground anchors to resist wind overturning and sliding.
- (p) Single Room Occupancy (SRO) Unit—Performance requirements. (1) The foregoing standards shall apply except for paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (m), (n), and (o).
- (I) Each SRO unit shall be occupied by no more than one person.
- (1) Exterior doors and windows accessible from outside the SRO unit must be able to be locked.
- (4) Sanitary facilities, space and security shall meet local code standards for single room occupancy housing. In the absence of applicable local code standards, the requirements for habitable rooms used for living and sleeping purposes contained in the American Public Health Association's Recommended Housing Maintenance and Occupancy Ordinance shall be used.
- (q) Shared Housing. (1) Applicability of housing quality standards to entire unit. The entire unit must comply with the Performance Requirements and Acceptability Criteria, as provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section and in paragraphs (d) through (l) of this section.
- (2) Facilities available for Family. The facilities available for the use of each assisted Family in Shared Housing under the Family's Lease must include (whether in the Family's Private Space or in the Common Space) a living room, sanitary facilities in accordance with paragraph (a), and food preparation and refuse disposal facilities in accordance with paragraph (b).
- (3) Space and security—(1) Inapplicability of paragraph (c). Paragraph (c) of this section does not apply to Shared Housing.
- (ii) Performance requirement. The entire unit must provide adequate

space and security for all its occupants (whether assisted or unassisted). The total number of occupants in the unit may not exceed 12 persons. Each unit must contain Private Space containing at least one bedroom for each assisted Family, plus Common Space for shared use by the occuupants of the unit. The Private Space for each assisted Family must contain at least one bedroom for each two persons in the Family. (The two preceding sentences do not apply to the case of two individuals sharing a one-bedroom unit. However, in that situation, no other persons may occupy the unit.) Common Space must be appropriate for shared use by the occupants. If any members of the Family are physically handicapped (as of the time of lease approval), the unit's Common Space and the Family's Private Space must be accessible and usable by them.

(iii) Acceptability criteria. The unit must contain a living room, a kitchen, bathroom(s), and bedroom(s). Persons of opposite sex, other than husband and wife or very young children, may not be required to occupy the same bedroom. Exterior doors and windows accessible from outside the unit must be lockable.

[43 PR 61246, Dec. 29, 1978, as amended at 44 PR 21630, Apr. 11, 1979; 44 FR 65384, Nov. 9, 1979; 49 PR 12237, Mar. 29, 1984; 50 FR 9289, Mar. 7, 1985; 50 PR 38794, Sept. 25, 1985; 51 PR 21309, June 11, 1986; 51 PR 24324, July 3, 1986; 52 PR 1893, Jan. 15, 1987; 52 PR 9828, Mar. 27, 1987; 53 PR 4388, Peb. 16, 1988; 53 PR 7734, Mar. 10, 1988; 53 PR 20801, June 6, 1988;