



Resolution No. 11-2005-302

**RESOLUTION OF THE
WHITE MOUNTAIN APACHE TRIBE OF THE
FORT APACHE INDIAN RESERVATION**

**(Approving publication of manuscript from the Johns Hopkins University entitled,
“Evaluation of the Indirect Effects of Pneumococcal Vaccine in a Community
Randomized Study”)**

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Constitution of the White Mountain Apache Tribe, Article IV, Section 1(a), *inter alia*, the Tribal Council has the authority to represent the tribe and act in all matters that concern the welfare of the Tribe; and

WHEREAS, health and well-being of Tribal Members remains a major concern; and

WHEREAS, the Tribal Council supports carefully designed research projects to evaluate health problems which exist within the Tribe’s population and to develop appropriate interventions which seek to decrease or alleviate these problems; and

WHEREAS, Johns Hopkins University did this day present a request for permission to publish a manuscript titled, Evaluation of the Indirect Effects of Pneumococcal Vaccine in a Community Randomized Study”; and

WHEREAS, this manuscript reports primarily on the statistical methods we developed to analyze the effect of the conjugate pneumococcal vaccine on community members who themselves were not vaccinated, a so-called “Indirect effect”; and

WHEREAS, neither the White Mountain Apache Tribe, nor the Navajo Nation is mentioned in the paper; and

WHEREAS, since the methods were developed to analyze the data from the efficacy trial, and since Johns Hopkins University reported some of that analysis here, the manuscript is being submitted for peer review; and

WHEREAS, the protocol under which these data were collected is the protocol entitled, (NNR-97-18) “A Double-Blinded, Controlled Study of the Efficacy, Immunogenicity, Safety and Tolerability, and Effectiveness of a Pneumococcal Conjugate Vaccine Containing Seven Serotypes (6B, 14, 19F, 23F, 18C, 4 and 9V) Compared to a Control Meningococcal C Vaccine in Navajo and Apache Indian Infants”, approved by the Tribal Council in 1997; and

WHEREAS, the Principal Investigators of that study were Mathuram Santosham and Ray Reid; and

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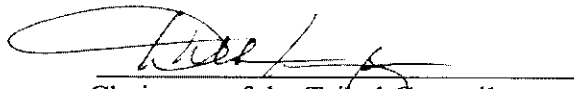
WHEREAS, no tribal government employees participated in that trial or the study activities reported in the manuscript we are submitting to you; and

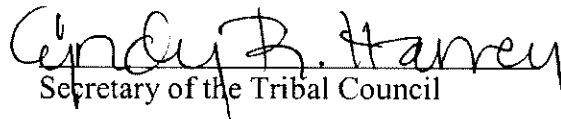
WHEREAS, the manuscript, if approved, will be submitted for publication in the periodical, *Journal of Biopharmaceutical Statistics*; and

WHEREAS, the Tribal Council, after careful review and consideration, finds the publication in the best interests of the White Mountain Apache Tribe.

BE IT RESOLVED by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe that it hereby approves that the manuscript be submitted for publication by John Hopkins University, and that a copy of said publication be accordingly provided to the Tribal Council.

The foregoing resolution was on November 9, 2005, duly adopted by a vote of SIX for and ZERO against by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe, pursuant to the authority of the Tribe, ratified by the Tribe September 30, 1993, and approved by the Secretary of the Interior on November 12, 1993, pursuant to Section 16 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984).


Chairman of the Tribal Council


Secretary of the Tribal Council