



**RESOLUTION OF THE  
WHITE MOUNTAIN APACHE TRIBE OF THE  
FORT APACHE INDIAN RESERVATION**

**(Request to Conduct Epidemiology Study of Diarrhea in Young Apache Children)**

- WHEREAS,** pursuant to Article IV, Section 1(a) and 1(s) of the Constitution of the White Mountain Apache Tribe, *inter alia*, the Tribal Council has the authority to represent the Tribe and act in all matters that concern the welfare of the Tribe; and
- WHEREAS,** the White Mountain Apache Tribe and Johns Hopkins have decreased some of the health concerns in the community and continue to strive to alleviate the remaining health disparities associated with the Apache people; and
- WHEREAS,** Johns Hopkins has received funding from NAPO, a pharmaceutical company to study the severity of acute diarrhea in children 3-24 months; and
- WHEREAS,** The goal of this study is to learn about the epidemiology of diarrhea in the community (i.e., who gets sick, why, and for how long); and
- WHEREAS,** data from the previous rotavirus study suggest that White Mountain Apache children who got diarrhea were sick for a longer time than the children in other populations and that study also found that children are usually cared for in their homes for this diarrhea; and
- WHEREAS,** the length of time that WMA children are sick may be an increased burden on their families; and
- WHEREAS,** because the information about duration of diarrhea came from the rotavirus study, we do not know about diarrhea duration now that rotavirus vaccine is given regularly; and
- WHEREAS,** this proposed study hopes to learn if WMA still have diarrhea for longer periods of time than other children and also whether or not families are interested in learning about new treatments that could shorten the duration of diarrhea; and
- WHEREAS,** the expected duration of this study is twelve (12) months with the intention to enroll about 100 children living in the White Mountain Apache community. Stool samples will be collected to learn which germs are causing diarrhea and also hope to learn from parents, community members, and doctors who see children with diarrhea about perceptions of diarrhea in the community and how it affects families; and
- WHEREAS,** All study data and participants will be confidentially maintained; and
- WHEREAS,** the Tribal Council has determined that it is in the best interests of the Tribe to allow this study.

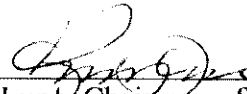
**Resolution No. 10-2010-298**

**BE IT RESOLVED** by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe that it hereby approves the Epidemiology Study of Diarrhea in Young Apache Children that is funded by NAPO.

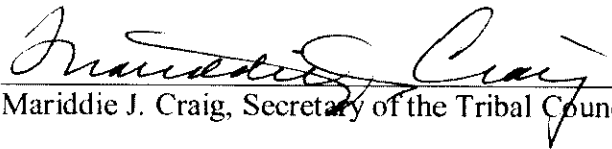
**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe that in the event that this Resolution conflicts with a prior Resolution or Policy, this Resolution shall govern.

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe that the Chairman, or in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, is hereby authorized to execute any and all documents necessary to effectuate the intent of this Resolution.

The foregoing resolution was on **OCTOBER 28, 2010** duly adopted by a vote of **FIVE** for and **ZERO** against by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe, pursuant to the authority vested in it by Article IV, Section 1 (a), (b), (s), (t) and (u) of the Constitution of the Tribe, ratified by the Tribe September 30, 1993, and approved by the Secretary of the Interior on November 12, 1993, pursuant to Section 16 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984).



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Ronnie Lupe, Chairman of the Tribal Council



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Mariddie J. Craig, Secretary of the Tribal Council