

## WHITE MOUNTAIN APACHE TRIBE

A Sovereign Tribal Nation

(RSV [Numax] Grant Proposal Amendment)

- **WHEREAS**, the White Mountain Apache Tribe in conjunction with Johns Hopkins University has conducted research projects for 37 years which aim to raise the level of health of all residents of the Reservation; and
- **WHEREAS**, the Tribal Council supports the efforts and assistance that Johns Hopkins University has given to the White Mountain Apache Tribe to identify health problems which exist in the community and to develop appropriate interventions which seek to decrease or alleviate these problems; and
- WHEREAS, the White Mountain Apache Tribe and Johns Hopkins have worked effortlessly to address the high rates of Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) among Apache infants and side effects associated with this virus; and
- WHEREAS, in our continued prevention efforts of RSV prevention, Johns Hopkins is requesting approval to submit a grant application amendment to the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation, A Phase 3 Study of MEDI-524 (Numax), an Enhanced Potency Humanized Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Monoclonal Antibody, for the Prevention of RSV Disease among Native American Indian Infants in the Southwestern United States, which was originally funded by Medimmune; and
- WHEREAS, we propose to go back to families who participated in the Motavizumab study now that children are 9-12 years old to see if those children who had RSV in infancy have more asthma now than children who didn't have RSV in infancy and if we find that preventing RSV could also reduce asthma, this would be an important benefit to AI/AN communities and others who could receive RSV vaccines.
- **BE IT RESOLVED** by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe that it hereby approves Johns Hopkins to submit a grant application to the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation to amend the original A Phase 3 Study of MEDI-524 (Numax), an Enhanced Potency Humanized Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Monoclonal Antibody, for the Prevention of RSV Disease among Native American Indian Infants in the Southwestern United States to continue the efforts of RSV prevention and asthma detection.
- **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe that it hereby directs that in the event this Resolution directly conflicts with the Tribal Constitution, Tribal Ordinances, or any material facts concerning the issues presented are later found to be false, this Resolution shall be deemed null and void and have no legal effect.

## Resolution No. <u>07-2017-165</u>

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe that it hereby directs that in the event that this Resolution conflicts with a prior Resolution or Policy, this Resolution shall supersede and govern over the conflicting subject matter.

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe that the Chairman, or in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, is hereby authorized to execute any and all documents necessary to effectuate the intent of this Resolution.

The foregoing resolution was on <u>JULY 12, 2017</u> duly adopted by a vote of <u>TEN</u> for, <u>ZERO</u> against, and <u>ONE</u> abstentions by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe, pursuant to authority vested in it under the enumerated powers listed in Article IV, Section 1 of the WMAT Constitution, so ratified on September 30, 1993, and federally recognized pursuant to Section 16 of the Indian Reorganization Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984).

Ronnie Lupe, Tribal Chairman

Date

oreen T. Numkena, Tribal Secretary

Date